House of Representatives



General Assembly

File No. 314

February Session, 2012

Substitute House Bill No. 5446

House of Representatives, April 10, 2012

The Committee on Environment reported through REP. ROY of the 119th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

AN ACT CONCERNING THE PAYMENT PROCEDURE FOR THE STERILIZATION AND VACCINATION OF CERTAIN DOGS AND CATS AND PROVIDING FOR ANIMAL CONTROL OFFICER TRAINING.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 22-380f of the general statutes is
- 2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 3 October 1, 2012):
- 4 (a) No pound shall sell or give away any unspayed or unneutered
- 5 dog or cat to any person unless such pound receives forty-five dollars
- 6 from the person buying or adopting such dog or cat. Funds received
- 7 pursuant to this section shall be paid quarterly by the municipality
- 8 into the animal population control account established under section
- 9 22-380g, as amended by this act. At the time of receipt of such
- 10 payment, the pound shall [provide] complete a voucher, for the
- 11 purpose of [sterilization and vaccination] benefits, as provided in
- 12 section 22-380i, for the sterilization and vaccination of such dog or cat
- 13 and (1) provide the voucher to the person buying or adopting such dog

or cat, [. Such] or (2) retain such voucher and submit it to a 14 15 participating veterinarian for such sterilization and vaccination before releasing the dog or cat to the person buying or adopting the dog or 16 17 cat. Any such voucher shall be on a form provided by the 18 commissioner and signed (A) by the eligible owner if the voucher is 19 provided to the person buying or adopting the dog or cat, or (B) by a 20 representative of the pound if the pound retains the voucher. Such 21 voucher shall become void after sixty days from the date of purchase 22 or adoption unless a participating veterinarian certifies that the dog or 23 cat is medically unfit for surgery. Such certification shall be on a form 24 provided by the commissioner and specify a date by which such dog 25 or cat may be fit for sterilization. If the surgery is performed more than 26 thirty days after such specified date, the voucher shall become void. In 27 the case of a dog or cat that has been previously sterilized or is 28 permanently medically unfit for sterilization, as determined by a 29 participating veterinarian, the voucher shall be void and the eligible 30 owner may apply to the commissioner for a refund in the amount of forty-five dollars. If a dog or cat has pyometra and is not purchased or 31 32 adopted from a pound, a representative of the pound may complete a 33 voucher, for the purpose of benefits, as provided in section 22-380i, 34 and submit such voucher to a participating veterinarian for the 35 sterilization and vaccination of such dog or cat.

- Sec. 2. Section 22-328 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 38 (a) The commissioner is authorized to enforce the provisions of this 39 chapter and chapters 436 and 436a and the regulations adopted 40 thereunder in accordance with the provisions of such chapters and 41 chapter 54.
- (b) The commissioner shall appoint, as provided by chapter 67: (1) A
 Chief State Animal Control Officer; (2) an Assistant Chief State Animal
 Control Officer, who shall perform all the duties of the Chief State
 Animal Control Officer in such officer's absence or inability, or at such
 officer's direction; and (3) not more than twelve state animal control

47 officers and as many regional animal control officers and assistants as 48 may be deemed necessary to insure, subject to the commissioner's 49 direction, the enforcement of the provisions of this chapter and 50 chapters 436 and 436a and the enforcement of regulations adopted by 51 the commissioner. The expenses incurred in the administration of this 52 chapter and chapters 436 and 436a shall be paid from dog funds in the 53 custody of the State Treasurer which have been received from the 54 several municipalities and from the commissioner for the same fiscal 55 year as the expenses are incurred.

- 56 (c) No person may begin serving in the position of state, regional or 57 municipal animal control officer on or after July 1, 2012, unless such 58 person (1) has completed a training program that meets the 59 requirements of subsection (d) of this section and received a certificate 60 of such completion from the commissioner pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, or (2) submits an affidavit to the commissioner agreeing 61 62 to complete such a training program not later than one year after beginning such position. The commissioner shall reimburse each 63 64 person completing such a training program for the costs of the 65 program, from the animal population control account established in 66 section 22-380g, as amended by this act.
- 67 (d) Not later than July 1, 2012, the commissioner shall prescribe the 68 standards and curriculum for a training program for persons 69 interested in serving in the position of animal control officer or 70 appointed on or after July 1, 2012, to such position. Such training 71 program shall consist of eighty or more hours of instruction. The 72 curriculum for such program shall include the following topics:
- 73 (1) Animal identification;
- 74 (2) State laws governing animal control and protection and animal 75 cruelty;
- 76 (3) Animal health and disease recognition, control and prevention;
- 77 (4) The humane care and treatment of animals;

| 78 | (5) Standards for care and control of animals in an animal shelter; |
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| 79 | (6) Standards and procedures for the transportation of animals; |
| 80 | (7) Principles and procedures for capturing and handling stray |
| 81 | domestic animals and wildlife, including principles and procedures to |
| 82 | be followed with respect to an instrument used specifically for |
| 83 | deterring the bite of an animal; |
| 84 | (8) First aid for injured animals; |
| 85 | (9) Documentation of animal cruelty evidence and courtroom |
| 86 | procedures; |
| 87 | (10) Animal shelter operations and administration; |
| 88 | (11) Spaying and neutering, microchipping and adoption; |
| 89 | (12) Communications and public relations; |
| 90 | (13) Search warrants and affidavits; |
| 91 | (14) Civil liability for the animal control officer; |
| 92 | (15) Crisis intervention and officer safety; and |
| 93 | (16) Any other topics pertinent to animal control and animal shelter |
| 94 | personnel. |
| 95 | (e) Upon satisfactorily completing such training program, a person |
| 96 | shall submit evidence of such completion to the commissioner, and the |
| 97 | commissioner shall issue a certificate to such person. The certificate |
| 98 | shall contain the person's name, the name of the training program and |
| 99 | the date of completion. The commissioner may charge a reasonable fee |
| 100 | to cover the cost of issuance of such certificate. The commissioner shall |
| 101 | maintain records to document compliance with subsection (c) of this |
| 102 | section. |
| 103 | (f) Each animal control officer shall complete a minimum of six |
| 104 | hours of continuing education related to the duties of an animal |
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control officer in each calendar year. The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, concerning the implementation of such continuing education requirement.

- Sec. 3. Subsection (e) of section 22-380g of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 112 (e) Any revenue collected pursuant to the provisions of sections 22-113 380f and 22-380l shall be deposited in the animal population control 114 account. All money in the account shall be used by the commissioner 115 exclusively for (1) the implementation and promotion of the animal 116 population control program, [and for] (2) the costs associated with the 117 administration of [the] such program, provided not more than two 118 hundred twenty-five thousand dollars may be expended for 119 administrative costs per year, and (3) reimbursement of persons 120 completing a training program pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of 121 section 22-328, as amended by this act, for the costs of such program.

| This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections: | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|------------|--|--|--|
| Section 1 | October 1, 2012 | 22-380f(a) | | | |
| Sec. 2 | from passage | 22-328 | | | |
| Sec. 3 | from passage | 22-380g(e) | | | |

Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

In section 2(d)(10), "administrations" was changed to "administration" for accuracy, in the first sentence of section 2(e), "officer" was changed to "person" for statutory consistency, and section 3 was added for consistency with section 2(c).

ENV Joint Favorable Subst.

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact:

| Agency Affected | Fund-Effect | FY 13 \$ | FY 14 \$ |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Department of Agriculture | GF, Non-Appropriated | See Below | See Below |
| | (Animal Population | | |
| | Control Account)- Cost | | |

Note: GF=General Fund

Municipal Impact: None

Explanation

The bill requires any new animal control officer (ACO) to complete at least 80 hours of initial training. It is anticipated to cost \$900 to train one ACO. Each year, approximately 30 new ACO's are hired by municipalities. Thus, the statewide cost to train ACO's is estimated to be \$27,000.

Under the bill, the Department of Agriculture's Animal Population Control (APC) account would provide reimbursement to each person who completes the ACO training. The March 2012 non-appropriated report shows a cash balance of approximately \$970,000 in the APC account. It is estimated that the ACO training reimbursements would be \$27,000 annually.

Under the bill, reimbursements from the APC account are expected to increase as the municipal pound is allowed to complete and retain a voucher to have the animal sterilized and vaccinated before releasing it to the individual adopting it.

The Out Years

The ongoing fiscal impact described above would continue into the future subject to inflation, the number of municipal animal control

officers who are new on an annual basis and require initial training, and the number of vouchers that are redeemed for sterilization or vaccination.

Sources: Core-CT Financial Accounting System

OLR Bill Analysis sHB 5446

AN ACT CONCERNING THE PAYMENT PROCEDURE FOR THE STERILIZATION AND VACCINATION OF CERTAIN DOGS AND CATS AND PROVIDING FOR ANIMAL CONTROL OFFICER TRAINING.

SUMMARY:

This bill requires new animal control officers (ACOs) starting on or after July 1, 2012 to complete at least 80 hours of initial ACO training. It also requires all ACOs to complete at least six hours of continuing education training annually. The agriculture commissioner must (1) prescribe the initial ACO training curriculum, which must include specified topics; (2) reimburse costs for people participating in the initial ACO training; and (3) adopt regulations concerning the continuing education requirement.

The law establishes a voucher system for paying veterinarians who vaccinate and sterilize impounded, quarantined, or stray dogs and cats. By law, people acquiring an unspayed or unneutered dog or cat from a pound must pay the pound \$45 for a voucher to sterilize and vaccinate the animal. The bill allows a pound to complete and retain a voucher to have the animal sterilized and vaccinated before releasing it to the person adopting or buying it. It also allows a pound to complete and submit a voucher to a veterinarian to sterilize and vaccinate a dog or cat that has not been adopted or bought and has pyometra, an infection of the uterus.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon passage, except for the voucher provisions, which are effective October 1, 2012.

NEW ACO TRAINING

Under the bill, a person cannot begin serving as an ACO on or after

July 1, 2012 unless he or she (1) completes at least 80 hours of ACO training and receives a certificate of completion from the agriculture commissioner or (2) provides the commissioner with an affidavit agreeing to complete the training within one year of starting as an ACO.

The bill requires the commissioner to maintain records to document compliance with this training requirement.

Training Cost

The bill requires the commissioner to reimburse each person who completes the ACO training the costs of the program from the animal population control account.

Training Curriculum

The bill requires the commissioner, by July 1, 2012, to prescribe the ACO training standards and curriculum, which must include:

- 1. animal identification;
- 2. state laws on animal control, protection, and cruelty;
- 3. animal health and disease recognition, control, and prevention;
- 4. the humane care and treatment of animals;
- 5. animal care and control standards in an animal shelter;
- 6. animal transportation standards and procedures;
- 7. principles and procedures for capturing and handling stray domestic animals and wildlife, including how to deter an animal from biting;
- 8. first aid for injured animals;
- 9. documenting animal cruelty evidence and courtroom procedures;

- 10. animal shelter operations and administration;
- 11. animal spaying, neutering, microchipping, and adoption;
- 12. communications and public relations;
- 13. search warrants and affidavits;
- 14. ACO civil liability;
- 15. crisis intervention and officer safety; and
- 16. other topics related to animal control and animal shelter personnel.

Training Certificate

The bill requires a person, upon satisfactorily completing the ACO training, to give the commissioner evidence of completing the program. The commissioner must then issue the person a certificate that contains the person's name, the training program name, and the completion date. The bill allows the commissioner to charge a reasonable fee for the certificate.

COMMITTEE ACTION

Environment Committee

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Joint Favorable Substitute
Yea 27 Nay 1 (03/21/2012)
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